## Lesson 1 - Distance between two points

The shortest distance between two points is a straight line (segment). To calculate this distance between point $A\left(x_{1}, y_{1}\right)$ and point $B\left(x_{2}, y_{2}\right)$ we use the following formula:

$$
d(A, B)=\sqrt{\left(x_{2}-x_{1}\right)^{2}+\left(y_{2}-y_{1}\right)^{2}}
$$

The length is always expressed as a positive number.
(a segment with endpoints A and B is written as $\overline{A B}$ )

Ex. Find the distance of $\overline{A B}$ given $A(4,3)$ and $B(7,7)$.

$$
\begin{gathered}
d(A, B)=\sqrt{\left(x_{2}-x_{1}\right)^{2}+\left(y_{2}-y_{1}\right)^{2}} \\
=\sqrt{(7-4)^{2}+(7-3)^{2}} \\
=\sqrt{(3)^{2}+(4)^{2}} \\
=\sqrt{9+16} \\
=\sqrt{25} \\
=5 \text { units }
\end{gathered}
$$

