Equations

.... are mathematical sentences stating that two expressions are equivalent

How do you solve an equation?

Start with an equation

Step 1 Variables need to be on the left side. Add x to both sides

Step 2 Combine "like" terms

Step 3 Numbers need to be on right side. Subtract 4 from both sides.

Step 4 Combine "like" terms

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Step 5} & \text{Divide by the coefficient} \\ \text{to get the value of } 1x \end{array}$

Step 6 There is your solution

2x + 4 = 10 - x

$$2x + 4 + x = 10 - x + x$$

Whatever you do to one side you must do to the other too

3x + 4 = 10

$$3x + 4 - 4 = 10 - 4$$

3x = 6

$$3x = 6$$

x = 2

How do you know if you were correct?

Equations can be checked quickly and easily by YOU. In our example 2x + 4 = 10 - x our solution was x=2

Substitute the value you found for x back into the equation to see if the two sides are equal to each other. If they are equal then you were right \odot

If
$$x = 2$$
 $2(2) + 4 = 10 - 2$
 $4 + 4 = 8$
 $8 = 8$

Example 2

Solve the following equation

- Step 1 Variables need to be on the left side. Subtract 3x from both sides
- Step 2 Combine "like" terms
- Step 3 Numbers need to be on right side. Add 6 to both sides.
- Step 4 Combine "like" terms
- Step 5 Divide by the coefficient to get the value of 1x
- Step 6 There is your solution

$$7x - 6 = 22 + 3x$$

$$7x - 6 - 3x = 22 + 3x - 3x$$

Whatever you do to one side you must do to the other too

$$4x - 6 = 22$$

$$4x - 6 + 6 = 22 + 6$$

$$4x = 28$$

$$\frac{4x}{4} = \frac{28}{4}$$

$$x = 7$$

Example 3

Solve the following equation

- Variables need to be on the Step 1 left side. Subtract 2x from both sides
- Combine "like" terms Step 2
- Numbers need to be on Step 3 right side. Subtract 4 from both sides.
- Combine "like" terms Step 4
- Divide by the coefficient Step 5 to get the value of 1x
- Step 6 There is your solution

-3x + 5 = 20 + 2x

$$-3x + 5-2x = 20 + 2x - 2x$$

Whatever you do to one side you must do to the other too

$$-5x + 5 = 20$$

$$-5x + 5 - 5 = 20 - 5$$

$$-5x = 15$$

$$-3(-3) + 5 = 20 + 2(-3)$$

$$5x = 15$$

$$9 + 5 = 20 - 6$$

$$14 = 14$$

x = -3

Solving Equations That Look Like... Fractions !!!

Example #4
$$\frac{3x}{4} = \frac{6}{2}$$

Step 1 Cross multiply.
$$\frac{3x}{4}$$
 $\boxed{\frac{6}{2}}$

$$6x = 24$$

Step 2 Divide by coefficient
$$\frac{d\mathbf{x}}{dt} = \frac{24}{6}$$

$$x = 4$$

Step 3 Check
$$3(4) = 6$$

4 2
 $3 = 3$



Try it on your own!

Example #5
$$\frac{9x}{10} = \frac{16}{6}$$

Step 1 Cross multiply. $\frac{9x}{10} = \frac{16}{6}$
 $54x = 160$

Step 2 Divide by coefficient $\frac{54x}{54} = \frac{160}{54}$
 $x = 2.96$

Step 3 Check $\frac{9(2.96)}{10} = \frac{16}{6}$
 $\frac{10}{6} = \frac{16}{6}$

Try it on your own!

Workbook:

P. 75 #1 & 2

Example #6
$$(x + 1) + (x - 1) = -4$$

2 3

denominator for 2 and 3

$$\frac{(x+1)}{2} + \frac{(x-1)}{3} = -4$$

$$\frac{3(x+1)}{6} + \frac{2(x-1)}{6} = -4$$

$$3x + 3 + 2x - 2 = -4$$

Step 2 Simplify

$$\frac{5x+1}{6} = -4$$

Step 3 Divide by coefficient

x = - 5

Don't forget to check to see if you are correct