## Equations

.... are mathematical sentences stating that two expressions are equivalent

## How do you solve an equation?

## Start with an equation

Step 1 Variables need to be on the left side. Add $x$ to both sides

$$
2 x+4=10-x
$$

$$
2 \overparen{x+4+x}=10-x+x
$$

Whatever you do to one side you must do to the other too

Step 2 Combine "like" terms
$3 x+4=10$

Step 3 Numbers need to be on right side. Subtract 4 from both sides.

Step 4 Combine "like" terms
Step 5 Divide by the coefficient to get the value of 1 x

Step 6 There is your solution
$3 x+4-y=10-4$
$3 x=6$
$\frac{k x}{x}=\underline{6}$
$x=2$

## How do you know if you were correct?

Equations can be checked quickly and easily by YOU.
In our example $2 x+4=10-x$ our solution was $x=2$
Substitute the value you found for $x$ back into the equation to see if the two sides are equal to each other. If they are equal then you were right ()

> If $\mathrm{x}=2$ $\begin{aligned} & 2(2)+4 \stackrel{?}{=} 10-2 \\ & 4+4=8\end{aligned}$

$$
8=8 \quad 9
$$

## Example 2

Solve the following equation

## Step 1 Variables need to be on the left side. Subtract $3 x$ from both sides

Step 2 Combine "like" terms

Step 3 Numbers need to be on right side. Add 6 to both sides.

Step 4 Combine "like" terms
Divide by the coefficient to get the value of 1 x

Step 6 There is your solution
$4 x-6=22$
$7 \mathrm{x}-6=22+3 \mathrm{x}$


Whatever you do to one side you must do to the other too
$4 x-6+6=22+6$

$$
4 x=28
$$

$\frac{4 x}{4}=\frac{28}{4}$
$\mathrm{x}=7$

## Example 3

Solve the following equation

$$
-3 x+5=20+2 x
$$

Step 1 Variables need to be on the left side. $2 x$ from both sides

Step 2 Combine "like" terms
Step 3 Numbers need to be en right side. Subtract 4 from both sides.

Step 4 Combine "like" terms
Step 5 Divide by the coefficient to get the value of 1 x

Step 6 There is your solution

$$
\begin{aligned}
& -3 x+5-2 x=20+2 x-8 x \\
& \begin{array}{c}
\text { Whatever you do to one side you } \\
\text { must do to the other too }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

$-5 x+5=20$
$-5 x+5-5=20-5$

$$
-5 x=15
$$

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Check } \\
-3(-3)+5 \stackrel{2}{=} 20+2(-3) \\
9+5=20-6 \\
14=14
\end{gathered}
$$

$\frac{5 x}{-5}=\frac{15}{-5}$

## Solving Equations That Look Like... Fractions !!!

Example \#4 $\quad \underline{3 x}=\underline{6}$

$$
4 \quad 2
$$

Step 1 Cross multiply. $\frac{3 \mathrm{x}}{4} \overline{\boxed{ }} \frac{6}{2}$ $3 x(2)=4(6)$

$$
6 x=24
$$

Step 2 Divide by coefficient $\frac{\phi \mathrm{x}}{6}=\underline{24}$

$$
\mathrm{x}=4
$$

Step 3 Check

$$
\begin{gathered}
\frac{3(4)}{4}=\frac{6}{2} \\
3=3
\end{gathered}
$$

## Try it on your own!

## Example \#5 $\frac{9 x}{10}=\frac{16}{6}$

Step 1 Cross multiply. $\frac{9 \mathrm{x}}{10}-\frac{16}{6}$

$$
54 x=160
$$

Step 2 Divide by coefficient $\quad \underline{54 x}=\underline{160}$ $54 \quad 54$
$\mathrm{x}=2.96$
Step 3 Check $\underline{9(2.96)}=\underline{16}$

$$
10 \quad 6
$$

$$
2.66=2.66
$$

$\square$

## Try it on your own!

Workbook:
P. 75 \#1 \& 2

## Example \#6 $(x+1)+(x-1)=-4$ <br> 23

## Step 1 Find a common denominator for 2 and 3

$$
\begin{gathered}
\frac{(x+1)}{2}+\frac{(x-1)}{3}=-4 \\
\frac{3(x+1)}{6}+\frac{2(x-1)}{6}=-4 \\
\frac{3 x+3}{6}+\frac{2 x-2}{6}=-4 \\
\frac{5 x+1}{6}=-4 \\
5 x+1=-24 \\
5 x+1-1=-24-1 \\
\frac{5 x}{5}=\frac{-25}{5} \\
x=-5
\end{gathered}
$$

Step 2 Simplify

Step 3 Divide by coefficient

Don't forget to check to see if you are correct

